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Agenda

- Flaws in Australia's superannuation system
- Market interventions
- Mispricing and Distortions to asset markets
- Lifting superannuation guarantee to 12% makes problems worse
- How to improve system
- Barriers to reform
- Discussion, Viewer questions & investment implications



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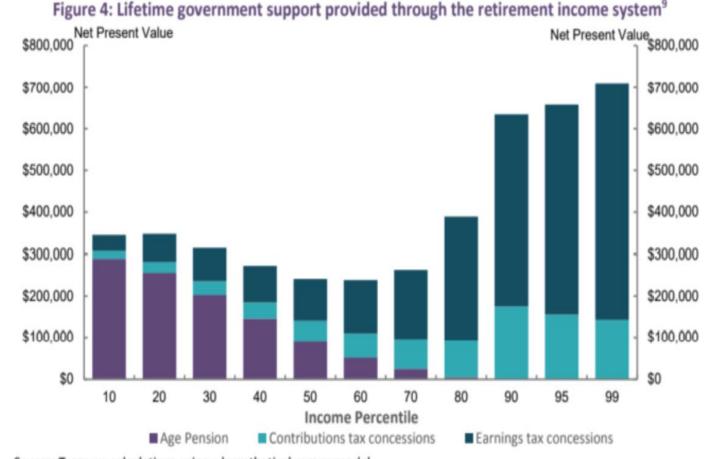






Flaws in Australia's compulsory super system

- Super voluntary
- Super can be spent at age 60.
- Most super concessions go to high income earners
- Balances at retirement
 depend on how long work for



Source: Treasury calculations using a hypothetical cameo model



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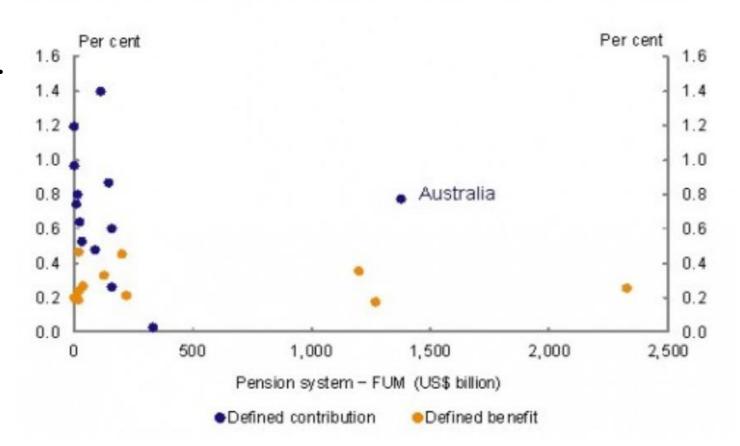




Flaws in Australia's compulsory super system

- Costs more than super saves in aged pension costs.
- Lowers wage growth.
- Management fees among the highest in world
- Market risks.
- Complicated. Least educated most at risk.

Annual expenses, as a percentage of funds under management (FUM)







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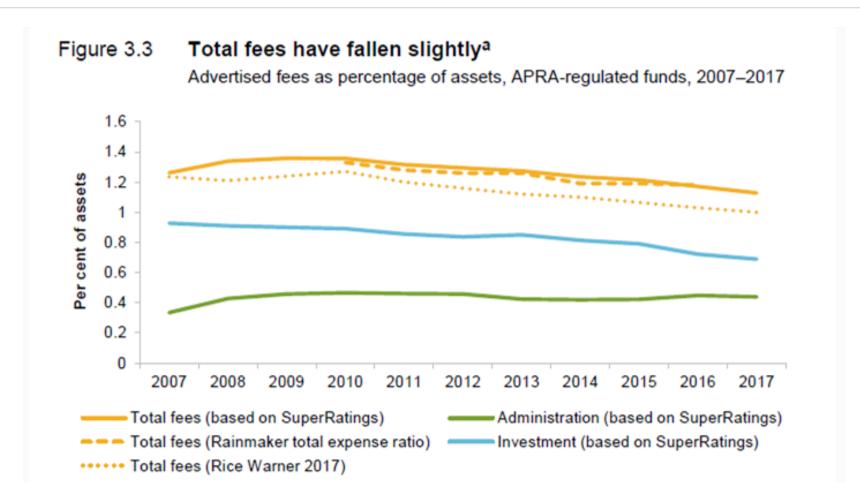








Flaws in Australia's compulsory super system







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Market Intervention

- 1. No licences. Fewer competitors = lower prices?
- 2. Creating oligopolies
- 3. Legislated performance / weeding out underperformers is a guarantee for market performance



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Mispricing & distortions to asset markets

Harvard/Yale Model has been bought hook, line and sinker.

Performance not what it used to be.

	5 Years	10 Years	15 Years	20 Years	25 Years
Yale University	3.3%	11.0%	11.8%	13.5%	13.2%
Harvard University	1.7	9.4	9.6	11.9	11.5
All endowments	3.8	6.8	5.6	7.7	8.4
All active balanced mutual funds	5.1	6.0	4.9	7.0	7.9
60% stock/40% bond benchmark	5.9	7.4	5.7	7.6	8.3





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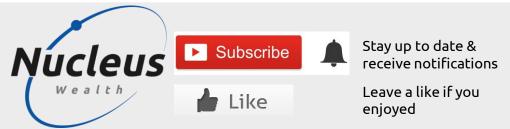






Mispricing & distortions to asset markets

- Unlisted asset pricing
- Infrastructure
- Franking Credits
- Financial services = higher profits at risk
- Growth assets in a low return world?
- Aussie vs international shares
- Ethical vs Non-ethical







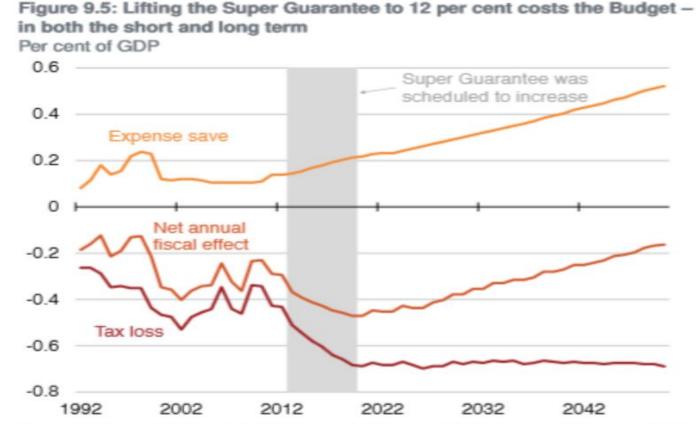






Lifting super guarantee to 12% would make distortions worse

- Reduce disposable income via lower wage growth
- 2. Cost extra \$2b a year
- 3. Increase inequality
- 4. Does not address underlying problems



Sources: Cooper Review (2013, figure 2.1), Treasury (2010, p. 42) and Treasury (2014, p. 17), Grattan analysis.





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Alternative to lifting super guarantee to 12%

Make concessions more progressive: 15% flat tax on contributions/earnings with a flat-rate refundable tax offset.

Current Compulsory Superannuation Arrangements

Taxable Income	Tax on this income (excluding	Tax Paid on Super	Super tax concession	
	Medicare Levy)	Contributions / Earnings	received	
0-\$18,200	Nil	0%*	0%*	
\$18,200-\$37,000	19c for each \$1 over \$18,200	0%*	19%*	
	\$3,572 plus 32.5c for each \$			
\$37,001-\$90,000	over \$37,000	15.0%	17.5%	
	\$20,797 plus 37c for each \$1			
\$90,001-\$180,000	over \$90,000	15.0%	22.0%	
	\$54,097 plus 45c for each \$1			
\$180,001-\$250,000	over \$180,000	15.0%	30.0%	
	\$85,597 plus 45c for each \$1			
\$250,000 and over	over \$250,000	30%**	15.0%**	

Proposed Compulsory Superannuation Arrangements

Taxable Income	Tax on this income (excluding Medicare Levy)	Tax Paid on Super Contributions / Earnings	Super tax concession received
	Wedicare Levy)	Contributions / Earnings	received
0-\$18,200	Nil	-15.0%	15.0%
\$18,200-\$37,000	19c for each \$1 over \$18,200	4.0%	15.0%
	\$3,572 plus 32.5c for each \$		
\$37,001-\$90,000	over \$37,000	17.5%	15.0%
	\$20,797 plus 37c for each \$1		
\$90,001-\$180,000	over \$90,000	22.0%	15.0%
	\$54,097 plus 45c for each \$1		
\$180,001 and Over	over \$180,000	30.0%	15.0%



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^{*} Includes rebate from Low income super tax offset.

^{**} Under Division 293, an additional tax of 15% is charged on an individual's taxable concessional contributions above the \$250,000 threshold.

Barriers to reform

- 1. The superannuation industry
- 2. ALP tied heavily to union-owned industry super funds. Labor also created the system.





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Investment Implications:

- Issues with alternative asset pricing: private equity, venture capital, unlisted assets, illiquidity
- Probably going to get worse before it gets better
- Slow moving, super funds more of a passenger than a driver
- There are exploitable pricing anomalies but probably without instant gratification





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Viewer question of the week:



Which would prefer - 2.5% pay rise in the hand or in your super?

Drop your answers in the comments





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Coming up

Nucleus Investment Insights: Angela Ashton

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next Thursday, 29th October 2020







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